Q.P. Code: 20HS0832										R20							
	Reg. No:	· 			AC M												
	SIDDHARTH INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY:: PUTTUR																
	B.Tech II Yea	r I Sem	ester	Regu	lar & S		nenta	ry Exa	amina	ations <b>N</b>	March-2	023					
	PRO	BABILI	TY, N	UME	RICAL	METH	IODS .	AND T	TRAN	SFORM	AS						
(Electrical and Electronics Engineering) Time: 3 hours										Max Marks: 60							
	(Answer all Five Units 5 v 12 - 60 Marks)										111111. 11111115. 00						
			(All	swer a			$\mathbf{X} \mathbf{I} \mathbf{Z} =$	00 111	arks)								
1	a State and prove a	dditiona	l proba	bility	theorem	1.					CO1	L1	6M				
	b From a city 3 ne	wspapers	s A,B,C	C are 1	being pu	blishe	d. A is	read	by 20	%, B is	CO1	L2	6M				
read by 16%, C is read by 14% both A and B are read by 8%, both A and C are																	
	read by 5% both B and C are read by 4% and all three A,B,C are read by 2%.																
	Find out the perc	entage 0	r the p	opula		OR	l IEast	one pa	aper.								
2	In a certain college	25% of b	ooys ar	nd 10%	% of girls	are st	udying	math	emati	cs. The	CO1	L3	12M				
	girls Constitute 60% of the student body. (i) What is the probability that																
mathematics is being studied? (ii) If a student is selected at random and is four										found							
	boy.	lematics	, 1111 <b>a</b> (	ne pro	obability	liiat t	ne stu		s a gii	1 (III) a							
					τ	NIT-II											
3	Find a real root of t	he equat	ion xe	$e^x - cc$	sx = 0 us	ing Ne	wton	- Rapl	hson r	nethod	CO2	L3	12M				
	correct to four decimal places.																
4	Using Newton's fo	OR Using Nowton's forward and backward intermelation formulae obtain the									CO2	13	1 <b>2</b> M				
•	value of $f(1.2)$ and $f(1.8)$ for the given table of values										002	LO	12111				
	X	1.1	1.5	3	1.5	1.7	1.9	)									
	f(x)	0.21	0.0	59	1.25	1.89	2.0	51									
_		<i>(</i> )			U	NIT-II	9										
5	Find $y(0.1)$ and $y$	(0.2) usin	ng fou	irth o	rder Ru	nge-Kı	itta m	ethod	l, give	en that	CO3	L3	12M				
	$y' = x^2 - y \text{ and } y(0)$	=1.															
6	OR										COA	T.A	101/				
0	Evaluate $\int \frac{1}{1+x} dx$ by Trapezoidal rule, Simpson's $\frac{1}{2}$ rule and Simpson's $\frac{3}{8}$ rule and									ule and	604	L4	12111				
	$\int_{0}^{1+\lambda}$ 3 8																
	compare the result	with act		ac.	Ū	NIT-IV	7										
7	a Find the Laplace	transform	n of 3	cos 4(	t-2)u(t	-2)	3				CO5	L2	6M				
	b Eind $I^{-1} \int 3(s^2 - 2)$	$)^{2}$				L					CO5	L1	6M				
	$\int 2s^5$																

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OR UsingLaplace transform, evaluate  $\int_{t}^{\infty} \frac{\cos at - \cos bt}{t} dt$ . **CO5** L5 8 **6**M a Find inverse Laplace transform of  $\frac{s^2 + s - 2}{s(s+3)(s-2)}$ , using partial fractions. **CO5** L3 **6**M b a Solve  $y^{11} + 7y^1 + 10y = 4e^{-3t}$  where  $y(0) = 0, y^1(0) = -1$  by using Laplace CO6 L6 9 **8**M transform method. **b** Find Z –transform of the following (i)  $ne^{-an}$  (ii)  $n^2e^{-an}$ **CO6** L3 **4**M 10 a State convolution theorem and use the theorem to **CO6** L3 **6**M evaluate  $Z^{-1}\left\{\frac{z^2}{(z-a)(z-b)}\right\}$ Find the inverse Z –transform of  $\frac{2z^2 + 3z}{(z+2)(z-4)}$ CO6 L1 **6**M Ь

\*\*\* END \*\*\*